## **CLAIMS**

- 1. Process for preparation of circularized recombinant nucleic acids of the type constituted of a vector and an insert, characterized in that:
- a) ligation of the insert and the vector is implemented in the presence of a DNA compaction agent, and
- b) the constituted recombinant nucleic acids of the vector and the insert are selected.
- 2. Process according to claim 1, characterized in that the circularized recombinant nucleic acids present a size greater than 5 kb, and preferably superior to 8 or 10 kb.
- 3. Process according to either one of claims 1 or 2, characterized in that step (b) is implemented by means of the transfer of the products obtained in step (a) into a cellular medium suitable for cloning DNA.
- 4. Process according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that step (a) is implemented in the presence of a DNA compacting protein or mixture of proteins.
- 5. Process according to claim 4, characterized in that said proteins are selected from among the histones, the viral or phage envelope proteins, the bacterial chromoid proteins (HU, H-NS, etc.), the non-histone chromosomal proteins, the HMGs, a mixture of these compounds, or derivatives thereof.
- 6. Process according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the concentration (C) of compaction agent does not lead to a rigidification of the DNA.

- 7. Process according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that step (a) of ligation of the insert and the vector in the presence of a DNA compaction agent is performed in a ligation medium constituted by a ligase and a corresponding buffer.
- 8. Process according to one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that the ligase is E. coli T4 ligase.
- 9. Kit for the implementation of any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that it comprises:
- a ligase,
- a ligation buffer corresponding to the ligase,
- a compaction agent,
- possibly a stabilizing agent.
- 10. Kit according to claim 9, characterized in that:
- the ligase is *E. coli* T4 ligase,
- the corresponding ligation buffer,
- the compaction agent is a mixture of histones or an isolated histone,
- if present, the stabilizing agent is glycerol.

Gel A

1% agarose, 1-Kb marker (and/or  $f_x174$ ) on the track(s) at right.

Gel B

FIGURE 3